Reading with the Body

Reading with the Body	Reading with the Mind		
Physical Learning: The Psychomotor Domain	Mental Learning: The Cognitive Domain		
	Word reading		
	Reads age-appropriate texts fluently at a rate that promotes comprehension over decoding,		
	rarely decoding phonetically [Book Band 14A Dark Blue]		
Word reading	Reads fluently words with newly taught Y5 suffixes, prefixes and morphology.		
Discriminates and articulates words with suffixes and prefixes [all prior and many Year 5 List]	Comprehension Understands and discusses a wider range of a fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and		
embedded in words and can discuss their root words, using these to read unfamiliar words.	reference/textbooks (including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, classic and		
Recognises all Year 1-4 and many Y5 words on sight.	books from other cultures and traditions and some classic fiction. [Comprehends Book		
Reads and notices some correspondences between spelling and sound in Year 5 Common	Band 14A Dark Blue]		
Exception Words. Comprehension	Identifies and discusses themes and conventions in books and begins to do so and across a		
In preparing a wider range of poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, can	range of writing, making comparisons within books.		
show understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is often clear	Checks that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and beginning		
to an audience.	occasionally to explore the meaning of words in context relation them to root word, morphology and etymology.		
Retrieve, record and present information from a range of non-fiction with some accuracy.	Begins to show a range in questioning, asking 'who', 'where', 'what', 'when' and 'why'		
Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, through presentations and	questions to improve their understanding.		
debates, beginning to use formal languages and approaches and often maintaining a focus on the topic.	Makes plausible predictions starting to base these on genre, archetype		
the topic.	and the way characters have behaved previously, offering two or more possibilities and		
	occasionally using modality.		
	Begins to summarise the main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph, identifying key		
	details that support the main ideas.		
	Identifies how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.		
	Word Reading		
Word reading	Reads age-appropriate texts fluently at a rate that promotes comprehension over decoding, rarely decoding phonetically [Book Band 15A Dark Red]		
Independently and fluently discriminates and articulates words with suffixes and prefixes	Reads fluently words with newly taught Y5 suffixes, prefixes and morphology.		
[all prior and most Year 5 List] embedded in words and can discuss their root words, using these	Comprehension		
to recognise and read unfamiliar words.	Understands and discusses a wider range of a fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and		
Recognises all Year 1-4 and most Year 5 words on sight.	reference/textbooks (including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, classic and		
Reads and notices some correspondences between spelling and sound in Year 5 Common	books from other cultures and traditions. [Comprehends 15A Dark Red]		
Exception Words.	Identifies and discusses themes and conventions increasingly in and across a range of		
Comprehension	writing, often making comparisons within books. Checks that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding		
Preparing a wider range of poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing	and increasingly exploring the meaning of words in context relation them to root word,		
understanding through intonation, tone of voice and volume so that the meaning	morphology and etymology.		
is usually clear to an audience.	Shows a growing range of inference questioning asking 'who', 'where', 'what', 'when' and		
Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction with increasing accuracy.	'why' questions to improve their understanding.		
Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, through presentations and	Makes plausible predictions based increasingly on genre, archetype characters prior		
debates, using mostly formal language and approaches, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes.	behaviour have behaved previously, offering two or more possibilities using modality. Frequently summarises the main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph, identifying key		
using notes.	details that support the main ideas.		
	Identifies how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.		
	Word reading		
	Reads age-appropriate texts fluently at a rate that promotes comprehension over decoding,		
Word reading	rarely decoding phonetically [Reads Book Band 15B Dark Red]		
Independently and fluently discriminates and articulates words with suffixes and prefixes [all prior and whole Year 5 List] embedded in words and can discuss their root words, using	Reads fluently words with newly taught Y5 suffixes, prefixes and morphology.		
these to swiftly recognise and read unfamiliar words.	Comprehension		
Recognises all Year 1-5 words on sight.	Understands and discusses a wider range of a fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and		
Reads and notices the correspondences between spelling and sound in Year 5 Common	reference/textbooks (including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, classic and books from other cultures and traditions and some classic fiction. [15B Dark Red]		
Exception Words.	Identifies and discusses themes and conventions in and across a range of writing, making		
Comprehension	comparisons within books.		
Prepares a wider range of poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing	Checks that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the		
understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an	meaning of words in context relating to morphology and etymology.		
audience.	Asking 'who', 'where', 'what', 'when' and 'why' questions to improve their understanding.		
Retrieves, records and presents information from age-appropriate non-	Makes plausible predictions based on genre, archetype and characters prior behaviour,		
fiction independently and with a high level of accuracy.	offering two or more possibilities using modality and giving reasons. Confidently summarises the main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph, identifying key		
Explains and discusses their understanding of what they have read, through formal	Confidently summarises the main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas.		
presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the tonic and using notes	details that support the main factus.		

Identifies how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.

Reading with the Spirit

Spiritual Learning: The Affective Domain

Word reading

Enjoys the rewards of reading more challenging age-appropriate texts. Takes pride in success in reading more complex words and phrases.

Enjoys the rewards of reading more challenging age-appropriate texts. Takes pride in success in reading more complex words and phrases.

Discusses and evaluates how authors use language, including figurative

Enjoys the rewards of reading more challenging age-appropriate texts.

their actions, and justifying these inferences with at least 2 pieces of evidence.

the impact on themselves and the potential emotional impact on the reader.

Responds creatively to literature in art, music, drama, fiction and journalism.

Provides reasoned justifications for their personal, subjective views.

Takes pride in success in reading more complex words and phrases.

Distinguishes between statements of fact and opinion.

Is able to recommend **books** that they have read to their peers.

motives from their actions, and justifying these inferences.

language, often considering the impact on themselves.

Comprehension

Word reading

Comprehension

texts, including online material.

fiction or journalism.

Word reading

Comprehension

on the knowledge of that person.

courteously using structured language.

When prompted is able to recommend a book that they have read to their peers. Is beginning to consider characters behaviour as signs of their feelings, inferring thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying these inferences.

Begins to discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on themselves.

Begins to distinguish between statements of fact and opinion within their own experience. Participates in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and begins to challenge views courteously using structured language.

Frequently considers characters behaviour as signs of their feelings, inferring thoughts and

Often distinguishes between statements of fact and opinion in their own experience and in

Participates in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for

Is frequently able to provide reasoned justifications for their personal, subjective views.

Recommends books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices based

Considers characters behaviour as signs of their feelings, inferring thoughts and motives from

Discusses and evaluates how authors use language, including figurative language, considering

Participates in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for

themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously.

Respond with increasing independence to literature with expressive art, music, drama,

themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and often challenges others' views

Begins to provide reasoned justifications for their personal, subjective views. Begins to have an independent creative response to literature in expressive media (art, music, drama, fiction or journalism.)

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	understanding
	is usually clea

Word readin

	Independently and fluently discriminates and articulates words with suffixes and prefi						
[all prior and most Year 5 List] embedded in words and can discuss their root words, us							
to recognise and read unfamiliar words.							
	Recognises all Year 1-4 and most Year 5 words on sight.						

Word reading Independently and fluently discriminates and articulates words with suffixes [all prior and whole Year 5 List] embedded in words and can discuss their root these to swiftly recognise and read unfamiliar words. Recognises all Year 1-5 words on sight. Reads and notices the correspondences between spelling and sound in Yea Exception Words. Comprehension

Explains and discusses their understanding of what they have read, through forn presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes.

Precise detail about the reading skills for each year group is given in the accompanying document Wyche Reading Skills

Year 5 G	rammar, Punctuation an	d Spelling					
Word	Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes [for example, <i>-ate; -ise; -ify</i>] Verb prefixes [for example, <i>dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-</i>]						
Spelling List	accommodate accompany According achieve Aggressive Apparent Appreciate attached bruise committee communicate communicate	correspond develop dictionary embarrass equip (-ped, -ment) Especially exaggerate excellent government guarantee harass	Immediately interrupt marvellous mischievous muscle necessary neighbour occupy occur opportunity physical profession programme	queue Recommend rhyme rhythm sincere(ly) sufficient suggest symbol system thorough vehicle variety yacht			
Spelling Rules	Words with the letter string 'ough' Words with 'silent' letters Words ending in '-able' and '- ible'						
Sentence	Relative clauses beginning with <i>who, which, where, when, whose, that,</i> or an omitted relative pronoun Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs [for example, <i>perhaps, surely</i>] or modal verbs [for example, <i>might, should, will, must</i>]						
Text	Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph [for example, <i>then</i> , <i>after that</i> , <i>this</i> , <i>firstly</i>] Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time [for example, <i>later</i>], place [for example, <i>nearby</i>] and number [for example, <i>secondly</i>] or tense choices [for example, he <i>had</i> seen her before]						
Punctuation	Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity						
Vocabulary for Children to explore and understand	modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity						